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Topic :- law of child labour

### legislation

when in the 20th century, child labour became so prominent that news of factory hazards and mishappenings taking innocent children's life, flashed all around in the newspapers, then was the time, a need for legislations and statutes were felt to prohibit the mal practice of child labour. Today, there are sufficient statutes condemning and prohibiting child labour such as:

- 1) The Factories Act of 1948 :- The Act prohibits the employment of children below the age of 14 years in any factory. The law also placed rules on who, when and how long can Pre-Adults aged 15-18 years be employed in any factory.
- 2) The Mines Act of 1952 :- The Act prohibits the employment of children below 18 years of age in a mine. Mining being one of the most dangerous occupations which in the past has led to many

major accidents taking life of children is completely banned for them.

The child labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act of 1986: - The Act prohibits the employment of children below the age of 14 years in hazardous occupations identified in ~~the~~ a list by the law. The list was expanded in 2006, and again in 2008.

The Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection) of children Act of 2000: - This law made it a crime, punishable with a prison term, for anyone to procure or employ a child in any hazardous employment or in bondage. This act provides punishment to those who act in contravention to the previous acts by employing children to work.

The right of children to Free and Compulsory Education Act of 2009: -

The law mandates free and compulsory education to all children aged 6 to 14 years. This legislation also mandated that 25% of seats in every private school must be allocated for children from disadvantaged groups and physically challenged children.